



REPUBLIKA SLOVENIJA  
MINISTRSTVO ZA INFRASTRUKTURO

**PA 1b**

*Infrastructure resilience for road & rail*

*Danube Region*

**Interreg  
Danube Region**



Co-funded by  
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# 14 Countries

(9 EU Member States  
5 Non EU Member States)



**Population: 115 mil**  
(EU-27: 448 mil)

**Area: 1.092.591 km<sup>2</sup>**  
(EU-27: 4.225.134)

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# Danube river network

Total length of  
the Danube itself:  
**2,857 km**

Sum of the Danube + the  
main named tributaries  
**13,713 km**

Estimate of the whole river  
network in the Danube  
Basin (Danube + every  
tributary, branch and  
stream)  $\approx$  **561,000 km.**

Many reasons  
for risk?



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The Ministry of Infrastructure of the Republic of Slovenia is the lead partner in managing and coordinating priority area 1b:

**"Improving mobility and multimodality – road, rail, and air connections."**

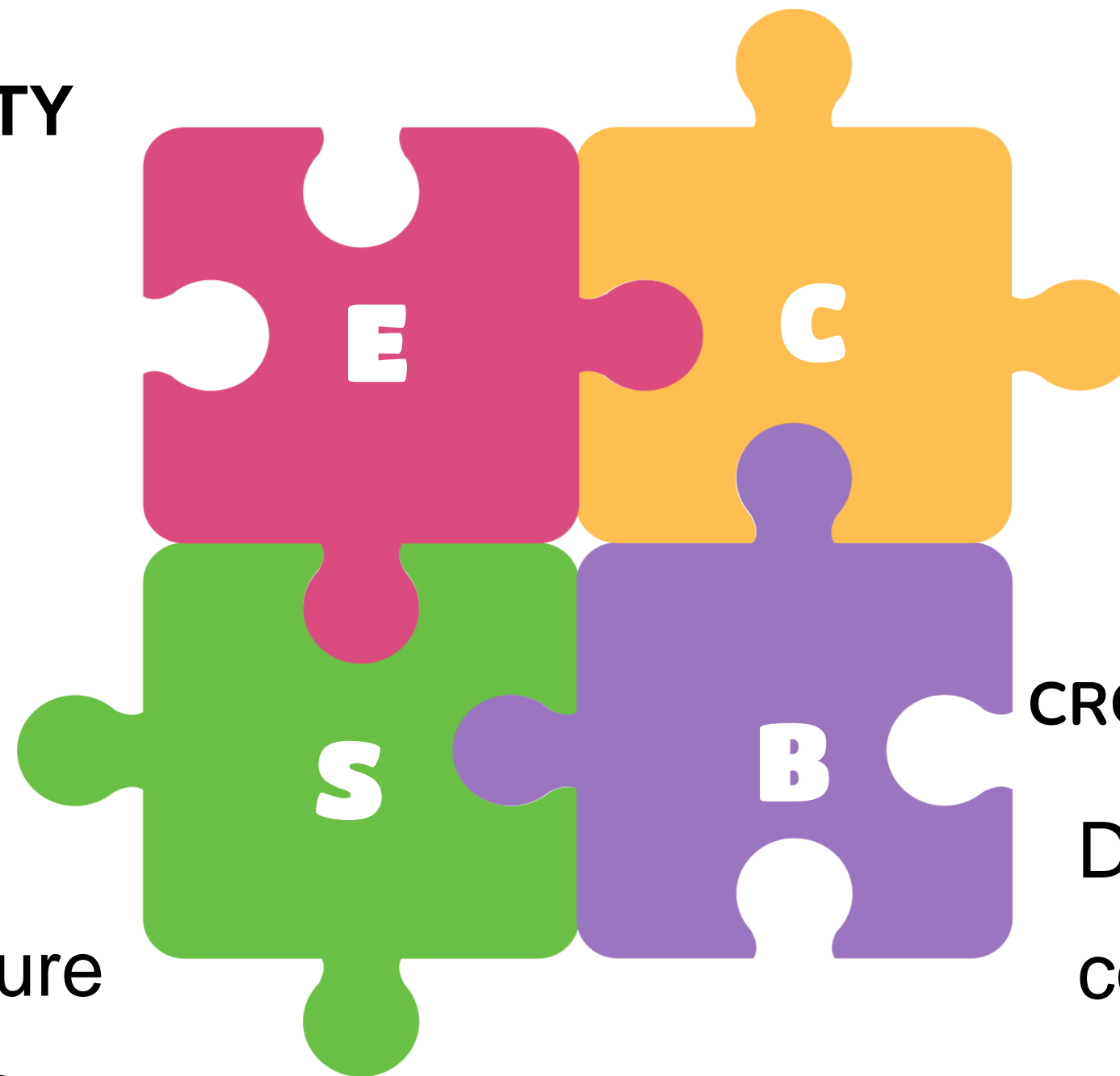
# WHY RESILIENCE MATTER

## **E** ECONOMIC CONTINUITY

Keep supply chains and trade moving. (reduce high-cost outages)

## **S** SAFETY

Protect lives by preventing infrastructure failures and accidents.



## **C** CLIMATE ADAPTION

more frequent extreme weather (floods, heat, landslides).

## **B** CROSS-BORDER STABILITY

Danube is a transnational corridor — disruptions have multi-country impacts

# Key threats to road & rail



**Flooding**

Washouts, landslides,  
pavement damage

Track submersion, signaling  
failures

# Key threats to road & rail



**Extreme Heat**

Asphalt rutting, bridge expansion

Rail buckling (track misalignment)

# Key threats to road & rail



**Earthquakes**

**Bridge collapse, road cracks**

**Track misalignment, tunnel damage**

# Key threats to road & rail



**Snow & Ice**

Slippery roads, blockages

Frozen switches, slower operations

# Key threats to road & rail

**Cyberattacks**

**Traffic signal disruption**

**Signal & control system  
hacking**

# PA1b's Efforts for Resilient Infrastructure

PA1b has **actively worked on promoting resilient transport infrastructure**, particularly in the face of climate change, natural hazards and other challenges.

Key activities are aimed to raise awareness and share experiences on how to better plan, build, and maintain resilient road and rail infrastructure in the Danube region.

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# PA1b's Efforts for Resilient Infrastructure

- **2015 – 2025:** several items at **Steering group meetings** were dedicated to discussion on resilient infrastructure;
- **November 2017, Ljubljana:** A joint workshop with the **United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)** on resilient infrastructure in the Danube region: This event focused on strengthening knowledge about transport-related Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), especially SDG 9, which calls for building resilient infrastructure.

# PA1b's Efforts for Resilient Infrastructure

- **October 2024, Bled: the Ministerial Meeting** – the meeting addressed also the need for a common approach to building and maintaining resilient transport infrastructure, aligning with European standards and policies.
- **June 2025, Sarajevo: Workshop “Advancing Connectivity, Interoperability and Resilience of the Danube Region Railway Network”** in co-operation with the Transport Community Permanent Secretariat. The agenda included also the session „Climate impacts and resilience of the rail infrastructure“.

# PA1b's and Projects

- The PA1b actively supports projects that **contribute to building a more resilient transport** system. There are over 160 projects on PA1b's list of projects with added value. Since PA1b does not have its own dedicated budget for infrastructure, it helps in mobilizing funds and aligning projects with EU programmes (like CEF, the Interreg Danube Region Programme, HorizonEurope).
- Example of the project that contributes to resilient infrastructure includes INTERREG project **GeoNetSEE**. Its core function is to monitor and provide early warnings for geohazards, which directly enhances the resilience of both natural and manmade structures.

# Major catastrophes

## June 2023 — Kakhovka dam collapse (Ukraine)

Major downstream flooding & environmental damage (regional impacts).

## Aug 2023 — Slovenia catastrophic floods

Widespread damage across municipalities.

## Sept 2023 — Storm Daniel (Bulgaria & Greece)

catastrophic floods, bridges/roads destroyed.

## Sept 2024 — Central European extreme rains

(often called 'Storm Boris') → Austria, Romania, Slovakia, Hungary heavily affected.

## Oct 2024 – Jablanica flash floods & landslides

Railway embankment washouts (Sarajevo–Mostar), long closures and major reconstruction (local & international response).

# Jablanica flash floods & landslides

Trains started  
running again on  
January 30, 2025





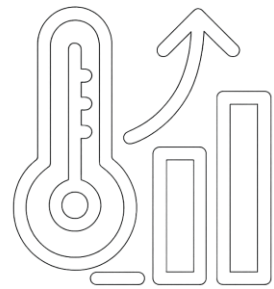
5,00 m

1,05 m

# NEXT STEPS?



Basin-wide risk mapping & harmonised data exchange



Scale up sensors & predictive maintenance across TEN-T and national mainlines.



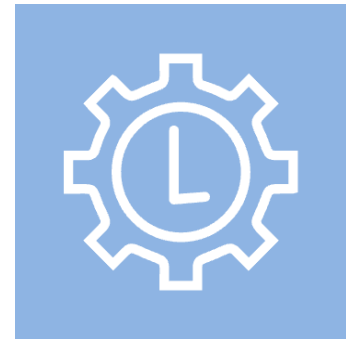
Upgrade drainage & culverts to climate-adjusted return periods



Build alternative routings, resilient multimodal hubs and quick-turn repair kits.



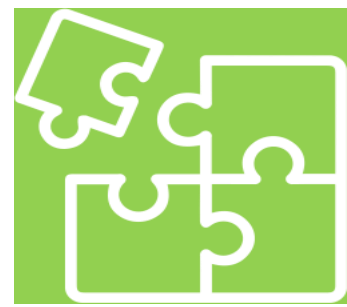
# NEXT STEPS?



**Financing:** blended finance and contingency funds for rapid repairs.



**Nature-based solutions:** floodplain restoration and wetlands to reduce peak flows.



**Cross-border** emergency protocols and joint rapid-response teams.



# Thank you for your attention

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